P.L. 1992, CHAPTER 96, approved September 10, 1992 1992 Senate No. 408 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT concerning emergency medical services for children and supplementing chapter 2K of Title 26 of the Revised Statutes.

Be IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. Traumatic injuries, such as automobile accidents, bicycle accidents, drownings and poisonings, are the most common cause of death in children over the age of one; and children have a high death rate in these emergency situations.
- b. Children react differently than adults to stress, metabolize drugs differently, and suffer different illnesses and injuries. Because of these differences, children's emergency medical needs should be recognized.
- c. Emergency medical services training programs focus on adults and, therefore, offer fewer hours of pediatric training. In addition, many emergency medical services personnel have no clinical experience with children, indicating the need to improve training of these personnel in pediatric emergencies.
- d. It is the public policy of this State that children are entitled to comprehensive emergency medical services, including pre-hospital, hospital and rehabilitative care.
 - 2. As used in this act:

"Advanced life support" means an advanced level of pre-hospital, interhospital, and emergency service care which includes basic life support functions, cardiac monitoring, cardiac defibrillation, telemetered electrocardiography, administration of antiarrhythmic agents, intravenous therapy, administration of specific medications, drugs and solutions, use of adjunctive ventilation devices, trauma care and other techniques and procedures authorized in writing by the commissioner pursuant to department regulations and P.L. 1984, c.146 (C.26:2K-7 et seq.).

"Advisory council" means the Emergency Medical Services for Children Advisory Council established pursuant to section 5 of this act.

"Basic life support" means a basic level of pre-hospital care which includes patient stabilization, airway clearance, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, hemorrhage control, initial wound care and fracture stabilization, and other techniques and procedures authorized by the commissioner.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Health.

"Coordinator" means the person coordinating the EMSC program within the Office of Emergency Medical Services in the Department of Health.

"Department" means the Department of Health.

"EMSC program" means the Emergency Medical Services for Children program established pursuant to section 3 of this act, and other relevant programmatic activities conducted by the Office of Emergency Medical Services in the Department of Health in support of appropriate treatment, transport, and triage of ill or injured children in New Jersey.

"Emergency medical services personnel" means persons trained and certified or licensed to provide emergency medical care, whether on a paid or volunteer basis, as part of a basic life support or advanced life support pre-hospital emergency care service or in an emergency department or pediatric critical care or specialty unit in a licensed hospital.

"Pre-hospital care" means the provision of emergency medical care or transportation by trained and certified or licensed emergency medical services personnel at the scene of an emergency and while transporting sick or injured persons to a medical care facility or provider.

- 3. a. There is established within the Office of Emergency Medical Services in the Department of Health, the Emergency Medical Services for Children program.
- b. The commissioner shall hire a full-time coordinator for the EMSC program in consultation with, and by the recommendation of the advisory council.
- c. The coordinator shall implement the EMSC program following consultation with, and at the recommendation of, the advisory council. The coordinator shall serve as a liaison to the advisory council.
- d. The coordinator may employ professional, technical research and clerical staff as necessary within the limits of available appropriations. The provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes shall apply to all personnel so employed.
- e. The coordinator may solicit and accept grants of funds from the federal government and from other public and private sources.
 - 4. The EMSC program shall include, but not be limited to, the establishment of the following:
- a. Initial and continuing education programs for emergency medical services personnel that include training in the emergency care of infants and children;
 - b. Guidelines for referring children to the appropriate emergency treatment facility;
 - c. Pediatric equipment guidelines for pre-hospital care;
- d. Guidelines for hospital-based emergency departments appropriate for pediatric care to assess, stabilize, and treat critically ill infants and children either to resolve the problem or to prepare the child for transfer to a pediatric intensive care unit or a pediatric trauma center;
- e. Guidelines for pediatric intensive care units, pediatric trauma centers and intermediate care units fully equipped and staffed by appropriately trained critical care pediatric physicians, surgeons, nurses and therapists;
 - f. An inter-hospital transfer system for critically ill or injured children; and
- g. Pediatric rehabilitation units staffed by rehabilitation specialists and capable of providing any service required to assure maximum recovery from the physical, emotional, and cognitive effects of critical illness and severe trauma.
- 5. a. There is created an Emergency Medical Services for Children Advisory Council to advise the Office of Emergency Medical Services and the coordinator of the EMSC program on all matters concerning emergency medical

services for children. The advisory council shall assist in the formulation of policy and regulations to effectuate the purpose of this act.

- b. The advisory council shall consist of a minimum of 14 public members to be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of three years. Membership of the advisory council shall include: one practicing pediatrician, one pediatric critical care physician, one board certified pediatric emergency physician and one pediatric physiatrist, to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics: one pediatric surgeon, to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey chapter of the American College of Surgeons: one emergency physician, to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey chapter of the American College of Emergency Physicians: one emergency medical technician to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey State First Aid Council; one paramedic, to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey chapter of the Academy of Family Practice; two registered emergency nurses, one to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey State Nurses Association and one to be appointed upon the recommendation of the New Jersey Chapter of the Emergency Nurses Association; and three members, each with a non-medical background, two of whom are parents with children under the age of 18, to be appointed upon the joint recommendation of the Association for Children of New Jersey and the Junior Leagues of New Jersey.
- c. Vacancies on the advisory council shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment of the Governor in the same manner as originally filled. The members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The advisory council shall elect a chairperson, who may select from among the members a vice-chairperson and other officers or subcommittees which are deemed necessary or appropriate. The council may further organize itself in any manner it deems appropriate and enact bylaws as deemed necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the council.
- 6. The commissioner shall, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. 1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1-et seq.). adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act.

7.	This act shall take effect immediately.

Establishes Emergency Medical Services for Children program.

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT

STATEMENT

This bill establishes the Emergency Medical Services for Children program (EMSC) in the Office of Emergency Medical Services within the Department of Health. A full-time coordinator of the program shall be hired by the Commissioner of Health upon the recommendation of the Emergency Medical Services for Children Advisory Council established pursuant to section 5 of the bill.

The bill requires the coordinator to implement a Statewide program of emergency medical services for children. The coordinator may employ necessary personnel, and solicit and accept grants of public and private funds. The EMSC program shall include, but not be limited to, establishment of the following:

- 1) Initial and continuing education programs for emergency medical services personnel that include training in the emergency care of infants and children;
 - 2) Guidelines for referring children to the appropriate emergency treatment facility;
 - 3) Pediatric equipment guidelines for pre-hospital care:
- 4) Guidelines for hospital-based emergency departments appropriate for pediatric care to assess, stabilize, and treat critically ill infants and children either to resolve the problem or to prepare the child for transfer to a pediatric intensive care unit or a pediatric trauma center;
- 5) Guidelines for pediatric intensive care units, pediatric trauma centers, and intermediate care units fully equipped and staffed by appropriately trained critical care pediatric physicians, surgeons, nurses and therapists;
 - 6) An inter-hospital transfer system for critically ill or injured children; and
- 7) Pediatric rehabilitation units staffed by rehabilitation specialists and capable of providing any service required to assure maximum recovery from the physical, emotional, and cognitive effects of critical illness and severe trauma.

The commissioner is authorized, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act." P.L. 1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). to adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of the bill.